Particles and conditions in Greece and Anatolia

Stephen Colvin - University College London

Elements of common grammatical structure may be the result of inheritance, borrowing, areal convergence, or coincidence; occasionally more than one of these may be responsible for a development (for example, an inherited element which expands or becomes productive owing to influence from a neighbouring system). This paper looks at some overlapping similarities in the conditional grammar of Greek and Anatolian and considers possible Near Eastern parallels.